

D 5386

No. D. 5276  
Date 15.11.38

Report sent with a big bundle of pamphlets, handbills or newspapers to Special Branch.

Where found	Ferry Road near Macao Road	Time found	8:50 p.m.	Date	14.11.38
Character of place where found, (industrial, residential, respectable or doubtful neighbourhood).	A piece of vacant ground.				
Near School, Factory, Military Camp, Mill etc.	Near factories.				
How distributed? (If known).	Abandoned on the ground.				
Nature of Document. (Communist or Anti-Government etc).	Communistic				
Arrests or not, if so how many?	Nil.				
Class of man arrested? (Student, coolie, mill worker etc.)	Nil.				
Charged under what Section of C.C. Code?	Nil.				

*Register in No. 7  
similar in style  
unintentional  
Ministry*

2  
For attention  
please. *TH*

Date 15.11.38.

Signed *22.11. Johnson*  
for C. & S. D. I/c. *P. L. S.* Station.

Report sent with <u>Communist</u> pamphlets, handbills or newspapers to Special Branch.				
Where found	<u>Connaught &amp; Ferry Road corner.</u>	Time found	<u>2 a.m.</u>	Date <u>14/11/33</u>
Character of place where found, (industrial, residential, respectable or doubtful neighbourhood).		Residential <sup>✓</sup> respectable.		
Near School, Factory, Military Camp, Mill etc.		<u>4th U.S.M.C. Military Camp. Factory</u>		
How distributed? (If known).		Found on road.		
Nature of Document. (Communist or Anti-Government etc).		Anti-Government and Communistic.		
Arrests or not, if so how many?		Nil. <sup>Registry</sup> These leaflets advocate the commemoration of the "November 7 Anniversary". Already dealt with vide said file. (Spare copies detached)		
Class of man arrested? (Student, coolie, mill worker etc.)		Nil.		
Charged under what Section of C.C. Code?		- <sup>Kuk Tho. Kwa</sup> 14/11		

*Reg: vide remarks of D.P. Kwa. Please attend to file to B.B. 2*

*Ad* Date November 14, 1933.

Signed *[Signature]* for C. I. Sec. i/c. Garden Road Station.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.

No.

REPORT

S.2 Special Branch

Date. November 9, 1933.

Subject (in full) 16th anniversary of the Soviet Rule in Russia.

Made by D.S. Tchermshansky

Forwarded by

SB Lu S.

About 1000 people attended special services in memory of victims of the Red Terror, which were held in Russian churches at No. 55 Rue Paul Henry and No. 19 Rue Cornille between 7 and 8 p.m. on November 7.

At 9 p.m. public addresses were delivered at the Cossack's Home, No. 311 Route Vallon, by members of the Russian Nationalist Youth Union on the following subjects:

1) Nationalism, 2) The Spirit of the Union and 3) The necessity and ways of struggle. Prior to the commencement of the lectures Mr. Poroff, President of the Russian Nationalist Youth Union, announced that the special one-day newspaper entitled "For Russia", which the Union had intended to publish on November 8, the proceeds from which would have gone to the fund of the Brotherhood of Russian Truth, could not be distributed for sale as the authorities of the French Concession had not given yet the necessary permission.

J. Tchermshansky  
D. S.

Officer i/c Special Branch

File  
JHS

NOV 13 1933

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL P. O.
C. & S. E. REGISTRATION
No. <u>D</u>
Date <u>      </u> / <u>      </u> / <u>      </u>

Extract from Intelligence Report of 8-11-33.

Soviet Anniversary passes quietly

Nothing untoward occurred on November 7, apart from surreptitious distribution of communist literature bearing on the anniversary of the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic, both of which occur on that date.

*Reg.*

*Please attach to file.*

*SBH/ryu*

DRAFT

S.2, Special Branch.

November 8, 1933.

Double-Anniversary of the October Revolution and the  
Establishment of the Central Provisional  
Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic--  
November 7.

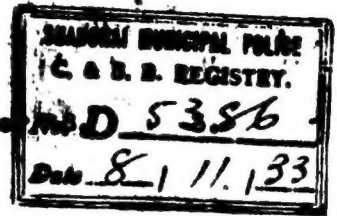
Attempts by local "Reds" to commemorate the  
November 7 Anniversaries were confined to the following :-

At 7.05 p.m. communist handbills bearing on the  
anniversaries were thrown from a motor truck while  
proceeding along Pingliang Road near Ford Lane.

At 7.30 p.m. some 40 persons of the student type  
gathered in the vicinity of 1440 Avenue Edward VII and  
South Chengtu Road. After setting off a few firecrackers,  
they dispersed.

At 9.40 p.m. anti-Kuomintang pamphlets were found  
at the junction of Nanking and Chekiang Roads.

Communist literature bearing on the occasion was  
obtained from various parts of the Settlement on the  
eve of November 7.



Political (6)

- b) Commence guerilla warfare to support the refusal to pay taxes and to oppose oppression by corrupt gentries, landlords and Kuomintang warlords !
- c) Cease all work, study, post duty and drill and stage demonstrations in commemoration of the October Revolution Anniversary !
- d) Elect representatives to participate in the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives to be held on December 11 !
- 9) Leaflet containing the following slogans :-
  - a) Raise subscriptions in support of the Red Armies !
  - b) Enforce the China-U.S.S.R. Fraternal Alliance !

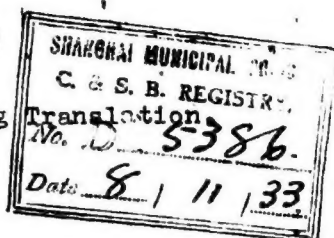
Soviet Anniversary Passes Quietly

Nothing untoward occurred on November 7, apart from surreptitious distribution of communist literature bearing on the anniversary of the Russian Soviet revolution and the anniversary of the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic, both of which occur on that date.

11.5386

November 8, 1933.

Morning



POLITICAL

Chen Pao (Nanking telegram):

DEPARTURE OF WANG CHING WEI FOR KIANGSI.

Owing to a desire to discuss certain important affairs with Mr. Wang Ching Wei, President of the Administrative Yuan, General Chiang Kai Shek, Chairman of the Military Affairs Commission, commissioned his secretary Lou Ching Ziang to fly to Nanking on November 6 to welcome President Wang and request his presence at Kiangsi.

After attending the conference of the Administrative Yuan on the morning of November 7 and the meeting held at the Russian Embassy to commemorate the anniversary of the success of the October Revolution of Soviet Russia, Mr. Wang Ching Wei boarded the Sikorsky aeroplane at 2 p.m. He stated that he would stay for one night in Kiangsi after which he would return to the Capital by the same plane.

Chen Pao (Nanchang telegram):

Mr. Wang Ching Wei arrived here at 5.20 p.m. November 7 by the Sikorsky aeroplane. He immediately proceeded to General Hsiung Shih Hui's residence by motor car. At 6 p.m. President Wang arrived at General Chiang's residence.

Chen Pao (Nanking telegram):

ZING FENG APPOINTED VICE-MINISTER OF FINANCE.

At a meeting of the Administrative Yuan held at 9 a.m. November 7, the following resolutions were passed:-

- 1) That Mr. Tseu Ling, Vice-Minister of Finance, who has tendered his resignation, be persuaded to remain at his post.
- 2) That Li Tiao Seng, Vice-Minister of Finance, be permitted to resign and that Zing Feng be appointed as his successor.
- 3) That the Provisional Regulations governing the punishment of robbers and bandits be enforced for a further period of six months.

COMMUNISM

Chen Pao and other local newspapers:

ANNIVERSARY OF THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION OF SOVIET RUSSIA.

Yesterday (November 7) was the 16th Anniversary of the success of the October Revolution of Soviet Russia.

To guard against reactionary elements becoming active on this anniversary, Colonel Wen Hung An, Commissioner of the Public Safety Bureau, yesterday instructed the police stations of the Bureau to adopt special precautionary measures.

Similar precautions were taken yesterday by the S.M.P. and the French Police.

5386



D.C. (CRIME).

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
November 6 & 7, B. REGISTRY.
No. D <u>5386</u>
Date <u>7</u> / <u>11</u> / <u>33</u>

Political

Movement of Notables

To Nanking

Departed at 11 p.m. November 6 :-

Yu Yeu-jen, President of Supervisory Yuan.

From Nanking

Arrived at 2.26 p.m. November 6 :-

Madam Waung Ching-wei.

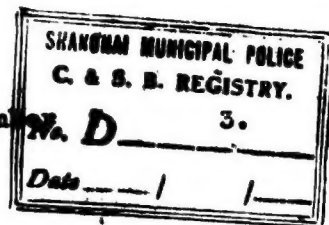
Double-Anniversary of the October Revolution (1917)  
and the Establishment of the Central Provisional  
Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic (1931) -  
November 7 : Possible happenings

5386

Information contained in communist leaflets and other sources obtained by the Municipal Police during the past week indicates that local communist elements plan to commemorate the Double-Anniversary of the October Revolution and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic, November 7, as follows :-

- (1) To hold a demonstration at the junction of Ferry and Macao Roads between 6 p.m. and 7 p.m. when fire-crackers will be let off, communist literature distributed and slogans shouted.
- (2) To form into groups and proceed along Macao, Gordon, Ichang, Tonquin and Mokanshah Roads.
- (3) To stage a demonstration at the junction of Pingliang and Thorburn Roads between 5.30 p.m. and 6.30 p.m.
- (4) To send groups to distribute communist literature in the vicinity of the Sun Sun, Wing On and Sincere departmental stores, Nanking Road near Chekiang Road





November

Political (2)

during the evening.

Specimens of twelve different kinds of communist handbills, intended for distribution on November 7, have come into the possession of the Municipal Police. Apart from outlining the significance of the anniversary, these handbills urge the general public to carry out the following activities in observance of the occasion :-

- a) Declare a general strike and hold street demonstrations !
- b) Join the Red Armies; organize "Red Army Friendly Societies" and "Labourers' Self-Defence Armies"; oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the Kuomintang and raise subscriptions to support the Red Armies.
- c) To drive out the Japanese and other imperialistic troops by force of arms, to start a revolutionary war, to recover the lost territories, to refuse to transport munitions for the Kuomintang troops engaged in the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign !
- d) Organize among unemployed workers, "Unemployment Committees" and lead jobless workers to demand work, food and relief from the Social Bureau of the Kuomintang !
- e) Oppose the reduction of wages, closing down of factories and dismissal of workers; demand improved working conditions and oppose the Fascist doctrine.
- f) To elect representatives to participate in the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives to be convened at Juikun, Kiangsi, on December 11, 1933.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.  
November 7, 1933.  
No. D  
Date / /

Political (3)

The local "White" Russians will observe the following programme in commemoration of the "November 7 Anniversary" :

- a) To issue a one-day newspaper containing articles on the significance of the 16th Anniversary of the Communist Yoke in Russia.
- b) To hold special services in memory of the victims of the Red Terror in various Russian churches between 6 p.m. and 7 p.m. November 7.
- c) To deliver a series of speeches under the auspices of the "National Union of Russian Youth" in the premises of the Cossacks' Home, No.331 Route Vallon, at 9 p.m.

The following Communist propaganda bearing on the Double Anniversary of the October Revolution (1917) and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic (1933), November 7 was obtained on November 2 :-

- (1) Circular entitled "Resolutions in connection with work on the 16th Anniversary of the October Revolution", issued by the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Youth League. This document urges the mobilization of the youth masses in order to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the imperialistic Kuomintang and to carry out, in white districts, the following activities :-

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.	
November 7,	3.
No. <u>D</u>	
Date <u>      </u> / <u>      </u> / <u>      </u>	

Political (4)

- 75386  
Carter
- a) To conduct an extensive propaganda campaign regarding the great success of socialistic construction, the improved living conditions of labouring, peasant and youth masses in Soviet districts and the oppression of the youth masses under the imperialistic Kuomintang.
  - b) To impress upon the minds of the youth masses that the proletariat in the U.S.S.R. is the army which will secure emancipation for China and disclose to the youth masses the intrigues of the Japanese imperialists.
  - c) To strengthen the activities of League branches in northern provinces among the youth ranks of anti-Japanese armies and Volunteer Corps, to incite anti-Japanese racial and revolutionary wars and activities among the Manchukuo and Japanese troops.
  - d) To convene, by all possible means, mass meetings of celebration, lecture meetings, "flying" meetings and factory conferences, also the staging of dramatic performances, the issue of "wall" papers, factory mosquito papers, cartoons and special issues and to disseminate handbills etc.
  - e) To foster League activities among transportation and communication workers in military and industrial areas in White districts and to make arrangements for the holding of mass demonstrations to commemorate the Double-Anniversary.

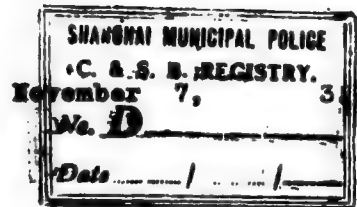
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE		
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.		
November 7,	3.	
No. D		
Date	/	/

Political (5)

II 5386  
Circular

(2) Circular entitled "General Principles of Propaganda bearing on the Anniversary of the October Revolution", issued by the Central Propaganda Department of the Chinese Communist Youth League. Apart from giving an account of the significance of the October Revolution of Soviet Russia, this document urges the carrying out of the following work :-

- a) To lead the daily struggles of workers in factories, villages, barracks, etc. and to organize numerous "Soviet Friendly Societies" in order to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the Kuomintang, to support the Soviet Union and to protect the Chinese Soviet Republic.
- b) To secure complete control over youths, and to further anti-imperialist and anti-Kuomintang movements among young workers, female workers, soldiers, unemployed workers and juveniles and to urge them to participate in revolutionary struggles, also to join the Red Armies and to organize Self-Defence Units.
- c) To accelerate propaganda among railway and wharf workers and to urge them to refuse to transport munitions for the Kuomintang troops engaged in the campaign against the Red Armies.



Political (6)

- II 5386  
Carter
- d) To carry out propaganda bearing on the breaking of strikes by "White Russians" and to launch a movement aiming at the expulsion of White Russians from the country.
- (3) Handbill entitled "Open letter to youths throughout the country in commemoration of the October Revolution Anniversary", issued by the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Youth League. Apart from denouncing the corrupt practices of the Kuomintang authorities and the aggression of the various foreign imperialists, this document calls for the declaration of a general strike to oppose the closing down of factories, to demand increases of pay and to drive out the White Russian running dogs, and to intensify the inspection of Japanese goods and the staging of demonstrations in commemoration of the anniversaries.

STAMP	DATE
C. A. R. G.	
No. D	
Date	

November 8

33.

Dear

I send herewith for your information summarised translations of nine Communist handbills bearing on the anniversary of the October Revolution, November 7, which were obtained by a police agent in Chapel on November 6, 1933.

Yours sincerely,



To Messrs. Steptoe,  
Sarly,  
Koketsu,  
Dicker,  
Warren,  
McHugh.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

Special Branch

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
File No. B. R. 10171.

No. D. 2. 10171  
Date

Date November 7, 1933.

Subject (in full) Communist propaganda bearing on the "Anniversary of the October Revolution" obtained in Western Chapei on 6-11-33.

Made by D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa

Forwarded by D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa

I forward herewith copies of nine communist handbills bearing on the Anniversary of the October Revolution - November 7 - which were obtained by Agents A-2275, A-3364 and A-3132 in Western Chapei on November 6, 1933. These handbills were intended for distribution to-day.

Summarized translations of the contents of these documents are attached herewith.

Kuh Pao-hwa

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

His Attention is drawn in our daily I. R. No. 7. to the possibility of distribution of Communist and Anti-Soviet Propaganda in the International Camp.

*[Signature]*  
7/11

Mr Yao,

Please obtain copies of summary translations of handbills and send with a covering letter to the usual authorities.

*[Signature]*



November 7, 1933.

Communist Propaganda

The following is a summarized translation of the contents of nine communist handbills which came into the possession of the Municipal Police on November 6 :-

- 1) Circular dated November 7, 1933, entitled "Manifesto in connection with the 16th Anniversary of the October Revolution", purporting to emanate from the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. This document deals at length with the October Revolution in Russia 16 years ago and the success of the First Five Year Plan. It also mentions the establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic two years ago, the acts of aggression directed at China by foreign imperialists, and the failure of the four attempts of the Kuomintang to suppress the Red Army. In conclusion, it urges labourers to demand increase of pay, betterment of working conditions; it advises peasants to refuse to pay taxes, to commence guerilla warfare and to refuse to supply even a grain of rice to the Kuomintang militarists; it counsels revolutionary students to oppose Fascist education, to demand freedom of speech, press and assembly and to proceed to soviet districts to undertake literary activities.
- 2) Handbill dated October 1 entitled "Manifesto in celebration of the October Revolution", purporting to emanate from the Shanghai Eastern District Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. It contains a brief account of the significance of the anniversary in Russia 16 years ago and urges the labouring and toiling masses to celebrate the occasion by declaring a general

strike, by joining the Red Armies, by organizing "Red Army Friendly Societies", by organizing "Labourers' Self-Defence Armies" and by opposing the 5th Anti-Red Campaign of the Kuomintang.

3) Handbill dated October 21 entitled "General Principles of Propaganda in commemoration of the 16th Anniversary of the October Revolution", purporting to emanate from the Propaganda Department of the Kiangsu Provincial ~~Government~~ Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. This document urges that the following work be carried out :-

- a) To conduct an extensive propaganda campaign among the masses exhorting them to oppose the 2nd World War of the imperialists for the partitioning of China, to arm themselves and drive from the country the Japanese and other imperialist troops and to start revolutionary wars to effect the recovery of the lost territories.
- b) To lead the labourers to declare strikes, to organize factory conferences, to stage demonstrations to celebrate the victories of the Red Armies, to join the Red Armies and to raise subscriptions to support the Red Armies.
- c) To accelerate propaganda among railway workers and seamen urging them to refuse to transport munitions for the Kuomintang troops engaged in the campaign against the Red Armies.

4) Handbill dated October 15 entitled "Outline of report opposing the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign launched by the imperialistic Kuomintang", issued by the Propaganda Department of the Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the Chinese Communist ~~Party~~ Youth League. Apart from denouncing the treacherous acts of the Kuomintang

officials and mentioning victories recently gained by Red Armies over the Kuomintang forces, this handbill outlines the following activities :-

- a) To exhort railway men and seamen not to transport munitions for the Kuomintang troops engaged in the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign.
  - b) To organize, among unemployed workers, "Unemployment Committees" and lead jobless workers to demand work, food and relief from the Social Bureau of the Kuomintang.
  - c) To collect funds for the purchase of aeroplanes and machine guns to be presented to the Red Army who are fighting the Kuomintang to secure the independence and emancipation of China.
- 5) Handbill entitled "The Truth of Youth", Issue No. 24, dated October 29, 1933 (Special issue to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Drive of the Kuomintang), containing allegations of barbarism on the part of the Kuomintang towards the people and reports of victories gained by Red Armies in Szechuen.
- 6) Handbill entitled "The Truth of Youth", Issue No. 25, dated October 29, 1933 (Special issue on the Anniversary of the October Revolution), containing, among other matters, an open letter addressed to the toiling masses in Kiangsu urging them to celebrate the occasion by refusing to pay taxes to the Kuomintang, to oppose the imperialistic attack on the U.S.S.R. which is the motherland of the world proletariat, to commence revolutionary wars to fight for the success of the Chinese Soviet, to declare a general strike and to stage demonstrations in commemoration of the October Revolution Anniversary.

7) Leaflet containing the following slogans :-

- a) Oppose the 5th campaign launched by the imperialistic Kuomintang against the Red Armies !
- b) Oppose the partitioning of China and the attack on the Soviet Union by the imperialists !
- c) Oppose the Second World War of the imperialists !
- d) Oppose the reduction of pay, the closing down of factories and the dismissal of workers ! Declare general strikes to resist the attack of the capitalists !

8) Leaflet containing the following slogans :-

- a) Demand of the Kuomintang to appropriate the proceeds of the Wheat-Cotton Loan for the relief of unemployed workers, famine sufferers and refugees !
- b) Commence guerilla warfare to support the refusal to pay taxes and to oppose oppression by corrupt gentries, landlords and Kuomintang warlords !
- c) Cease all work, study, post duty and drill and stage demonstrations in commemoration of the October Revolution Anniversary !
- d) Elect representatives to participate in the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives to be held on December 11 !

9) Leaflet containing the following slogans :-

- a) Raise subscriptions in support of the Red Armies !  
Join the Red Armies !
- b) Enforce the China-U.S.S.R. Fraternal Alliance !

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

S.2, Special Branch ~~Section~~.

REPORT

Date November 7, 1933

Subject (in full) • Demonstration planned to take place in Sinza District this evening -- November 7.

Made by D.I. Kuh Pro-hwa

Forwarded by

*J. B. L. S.*

According to information obtained from the French Police, a number of local Chinese communist adherents have planned to hold a demonstration in the vicinity of the Kwang Hwa (光華) Cinema, 1440 Avenue Edward VII, near South Chengtu Road, (Sinza District), between 7 and 8 p.m. to-day, November 7, to commemorate the Anniversary of the October Revolution.

*Kuh Pro-hwa*

D. I.

*Sinza informed*

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*hai.*

*A.D.B., Linza, & B'well informed  
through C.C.R.*

*File*  
*MS*

NOV. 7 1933

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE	
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.	
No. D	
Date	

THE CHINA PRESS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1933

### White, Red Russians To Commemorate Today

Today, the 16th anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution, will be fittingly observed at the local Soviet Consulate.

The same occasion, however, will be observed in an entirely different spirit by the local white Russians, most of whom will turn out at the St. Gabriel Church of Route Paul Henry this evening for a special prayer meeting for those who died in fighting against the Red revolution 16 years ago.

As a sign of their dislike for Soviet institutions, a gang of who is believed to be White Russian yesterday afternoon drove by the Russian Consulate here and hurled ink-filled bottles and eggs at the building, breaking a window and besmearing the exterior.

013R

S 2 9/15

Reg.

please attach to file.

013R 8711

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

F. & B. REGISTRY.

No. D

REPORT

S.2, Special Branch

Date November 7, 1933

Subject (in full) Communist Propaganda bearing on the "Anniversary of the  
October Revolution" obtained in Western Chapei on 6.11.33.

Made by D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa Forwarded by

*J. B. Kim*

I forward herewith copies of seven communist  
handbills bearing on the Anniversary of the October Revolution--  
November 7 - and the Second National Congress of Soviet  
Representatives to be convened at Ju-king, Kiangse, on  
11.12.33, which were obtained by Agents A-2251, A-2146 and  
A-4227 in Western Chapei on November 6, 1933.

Summarized translations of the contents of these  
documents are attached herewith.

*Kuh Pao-hwa*

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*dir*

*The attached can be covered in S. R. 9.11.33.*

*File*  
*W.H.*

*2*  
*11*

November 7, 1933.

Communist Propaganda

The following is a summarized translation of the contents of seven communist handbills which came into the possession of the Municipal Police on November 6 :-

- 1) Handbill dated November 7, 1933, entitled "Open letter to the people of Kiangsu in connection with the Double Anniversary of the October Revolution and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic", issued by the Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. Besides dealing at length with the significance of the anniversary, this document exhorts the masses to observe the following slogans :-
  - a) Cease all work, study, farming and military drill !  
Stage demonstrations !
  - b) Overthrow the Kuomintang and the Fascists who are butchering Chinese labourers and peasants !
  - c) Protect the Soviet Union by force of arms !
- 2) Handbill dated November 7 entitled "Slogans in commemoration of the Double Anniversary of the October Revolution and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic", issued by the Propaganda Department of the Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the Chinese Communist Party, exhorting the general public to observe the following slogans :-
  - a) Render assistance to the Anti-Japanese Volunteer Corps !
  - b) Oppose the White Terror and Fascism ! Overthrow the Blue Shirt Society of Chiang Kai Shek !



- 3) Handbill entitled "Manifesto in commemoration of the Double Anniversary of the October Revolution and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic", issued by the Chinese Leftist Writers League. Apart from mentioning the significance of the double incidence, this document urges all revolutionary writers, literati and artists to employ their "mouths and pens" to propagate the significance of the socialistic reconstruction in Soviet Russia and to frustrate all propaganda detrimental to the Soviet.
- 4) Handbill dated November 6, 1933, entitled "Open letter to labour friends opposing the anti-revolutionary and arbitrary propaganda conducted by the Kuomintang in its 5th Anti-Communist Campaign", issued by the Shanghai General Labour Federation (Old Labour Union), urging the workers (1) to overthrow the Kuomintang which has betrayed Manchuria and North China, and (2) to support the victories of the Soviet Red Armies.
- 5) Handbill dated November 6 entitled "Open letter to the people of Kiangsu opposing the Bandit Suppression Propaganda Week of the Kuomintang", issued by the Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. This handbill calls on the 800,000 Shanghai workers and the people of Kiangsu to carry out the following activities :-
  - a) To organize "Dog-Beating Groups", "Picketing Groups" and "Slogan Groups" for the purpose of breaking the "Bandit Suppression Propaganda Week" movement of the Kuomintang.
  - b) To oppose the Yellow Labour Unions which are breaking up the strikes.

6) Slip of paper containing the following slogans :-

a) Support by force of arms the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives !

b) Cease work to attend the Congress and demand usual pay for the period of the suspension of work !

c) Welcome the delegates of North-East Volunteers to attend the Congress !

7) Slips of paper, emanating from the Shanghai General Labour Federation (Old Labour Union), containing the following slogans :-

a) Overthrow the Kuomintang who are butchering the labouring, peasant and toiling masses !

b) Overthrow the Kuomintang who have surrendered to the Japanese Imperialism and who have betrayed national interests !

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

Special Branch S. 2. *4/11/33*

Date November 6, 1933.

Subject (in full) Reported demonstration in Yangtzepoo district on November 6.

Made by D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa

Forwarded by

*S.S. Ku S.*

Mr. Liu Hwa, Officer i/c Special Branch, Public Safety Bureau, telephoned this office that he has just received a report to the effect that some 400 radical elements will hold a demonstration in the vicinity of the Sung Sing No. 6 Cotton Mill, Lay Road, at about 6 p.m. to-day (November 6).

In connection with the foregoing no confirmation has been received from our agents.

*Kuh Pao-hwa*

D. I.

*Yangtzepoo informed.*

*S.S. Ku S.*

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*Telephoned to Yangtzepoo, Wayside, Yuhin Road, S.O.D., S.O.D. "D" and Armed Reserve. Please file.*

*JH*

NOV 6 1933

Special Branch,  
November 6, 1933.

Sub-Inspector i/c C.C.R.

Please telephone the following message to  
Yungtzeepoo, Wayside and Yulin Road Stations, D.O. "D",  
D.D.O. "D" and Armed Reserve :

"According to information received from  
the Public Safety Bureau, radical elements  
are planning to hold a demonstration in  
the vicinity of the Sung Sing No. 6 Cotton  
Mill, Lay Road, about 6 p.m. today,  
November 6. Four hundred people are expected  
to take part in the demonstration"

  
Officer i/c Special Branch.

*File*  
*File*  
*File*

Report sent with <u>one</u> pamphlets, handbills or newspapers to Special Branch.			
Where found	<u>Y'poo Road near Sungpan Road.</u>	Time found	<u>6 a.m.</u> Date <u>8/11/33.</u>
Character of place where found, (industrial, residential, respectable or doubtful neighbourhood).			
Near School, Factory, Military Camp, Mill etc.	<u>Mill</u>		
How distributed? (If known).	<u>---</u>		
Nature of Document, (Communist or Anti-Government etc).	<u>Communist</u>		
Arrests or not, if so how many?	<u>---</u> <i>Register has been dealt with.</i>		
Class of man arrested? (Student, coolie, mill worker etc.)	<u>---</u> <i>Vide I. R. 8. 11. 33 Kuh 7/11</i>		
Charged under what Section of C.C. Code?	<u>---</u>		

*J. I. Kitch*  
*SIR 87.*  
Date 8 Nov 1933.

Signed *Harvey Gold*  
for C. I. etc. i/c. *Y'poo* Station.

**SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.**

File No. **12/33.**  
**Political.**

## REPORT

**Yulin Road Station.**

Date **Nov. 7th**, ..... 10 **33.**

Subject (in full). Distributing of Communistic Pamphlets.

Made by \_\_\_\_\_ **D. S. White,**

*Forwarded by*

Sir,

At about 7.05.p.m. on the 7-11-33 a telephone message was received from F.S. Wilson (attached to Wayside), residing at 209 Ford Lane, reporting that at that time a M/truck apparently travelling East to West on Yulin Road and containing 10-12 persons had turned into Ford Lane proceeding North to South and the occupants had thrown about 200 pamphlets onto Ford Lane, the truck was travelling about 25-30 m.p.h. and upon arriving at Pingliang Road had turned East into that road.

F.S. Wilson was unable to obtain the number of the truck because it had no rear light, as far as he could make out the truck was of the usual 3 ton freight type with wood slat sides.

Enquiries made in the vicinity failed to find any other person  
who had witnessed the distribution.

The following is the factory which is at the point where the pamphlets were thrown.

"Dah Yih Offset Printing Factory", 210 Ford Lane.

No one in this factory saw any of the pamphlets and knew nothing of the occurrence.

F.S. 252 Davies on M/cycle patrol scoured the district but could find no trace of the truck.

Copies of the pamphlets are hereto attached.

I am, Sir.

**Your obedient servant,**

S. D. 1/0

**D. S. 24.**

**D. D. O. "D"**

Registry

O. 1/2 Sp. Bala.

Already salt with.

vide I. A. S. 11.33.

Kuk  
8/11

Report sent with <u>Eight copies of</u> pamphlets, handbills or newspapers to Special Branch.			
Where found	<u>Ford Lane.</u>	Time found	<u>7.10.p.m.</u> Date <u>7-11-33.</u>
Character of place where found, (industrial, residential, respectable or doubtful neighbourhood).		<u>Industrial.</u>	
Near School, Factory, Military Camp, Mill etc.		<u>Printing Factory.</u>	
How distributed? (If known).		<u>See Pol. report No.12/33.</u>	
Nature of Document. (Communist or Anti-Government etc).		<u>Communistic.</u>	
Arrests or not, if so how many?		<u>--</u>	
Class of man arrested? (Student, coolie, mill worker etc.)		<u>--</u>	
Charged under what Section of C.C. Code?		<u>--</u>	

Date November 7th, 1933.

Signed \_\_\_\_\_  
for C. I. etc. i/c. Yulin Rd. Station.

*Officer in Charge*  
*3rd. B.C.*  
**SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.**

LOUZA STATION  
48.5.33.  
7-11-33.

**CRIME DIARY.**

CRIME REGISTER No:—

Division.

Police Station.

19

Diary Number:—

Nature of Offence:—

Time at which  
investigation begun  
and concluded each day

7-11-

Places  
visited in  
course of  
investigation  
each day

8:30 a.m.

**RECORD OF INVESTIGATION.**

CONFIDENTIAL  
SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
7-11-33.

At 8:30 a.m. on 7-11-33, the following investigation was conducted at the Sincere Company, Ltd. (Sincere Co., Ltd.) at 100, North Bund, Shanghai. The investigation was conducted by the following officers: D.I. K. H. and D.I. S. S. 17.

The investigation was conducted at the Sincere Company, Ltd. (Sincere Co., Ltd.) at 100, North Bund, Shanghai. The investigation was conducted by the following officers: D.I. K. H. and D.I. S. S. 17.

On 7-11-33, the Sincere Company, Ltd. (Sincere Co., Ltd.) at 100, North Bund, Shanghai, was visited by the following officers: D.I. K. H. and D.I. S. S. 17.

Copies of all pamphlets are attached for information.

Message circulated to G.D.C. 7-11-33.

*Detectives were on duty at  
all roof gardens on the  
evening of Nov. 7 but  
observed nothing unusual*

*John B. B. B.*  
D. S. 17.  
G.D.C. 17.

D.I. K. H.

*S. S. 17*

Included in I.R. 9. 11. 33.  
K. H. 7/11

*H. R. 8/11*



COPY OF EXTRACT OF NEWSPAPER TRANSLATION OF 8.11.33

Chen Fao and other local newspapers:

ANNIVERSARY OF THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION OF SOVIET RUSSIA

Yesterday (November 7) was the 16th Anniversary of the success of the October Revolution of Soviet Russia.

To guard against reactionary elements becoming active on this anniversary, Colonel Wen Hung An, Commissioner of the Public Safety Bureau, yesterday instructed the police stations of the Bureau to adopt special precautionary measures.

Similar precautions were taken yesterday by the S.M.P. and the French Police.

SECRET - NOT FOR PUBLICATION

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

SPECIAL BRANCH

.....

Intelligence Report

Political

November 7, 1933.

Movement of Notables

To Nanking

Departed at 11 p.m. November 6:-

Yu Yu Jen, President of Supervisory Yuan.

From Nanking

Arrived at 2.25 p.m. November 6:-

Madam Maung Ching Mei.

Double-Anniversary of the October Revolution (1917) and the  
Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of  
the Chinese Soviet Republic (1931) - November 7:  
Possible happenings

Information contained in communist leaflets and other sources obtained by the Municipal Police during the past week indicates that local communist elements plan to commemorate the Double-Anniversary of the October Revolution and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic, November 7, as follows:-

1. To hold a demonstration at the junction of Ferry and Macao Roads between 6 p.m. and 7 p.m. when fire-crackers will be let off, communist literature distributed and slogans shouted.
2. To form into groups and proceed along Macao, Gordon, Ichang, Tonguin and Mokanshan Roads.
3. To stage a demonstration at the junction of Pingliang and Thorburn Roads between 5.30 and 6.30 p.m.
4. To send groups to distribute communist literature in the vicinity of the Sun, Sun, Ling On and Sincere departmental stores, Nanking Road near Chekiang Road during the evening.

Specimens of twelve different kinds of communist handbills intended for distribution on November 7, have come into the possession of the Municipal Police. Apart from outlining the significance of the anniversary, these handbills urge the general public to carry out the following activities in observance of the occasion:-

- A) Declare a general strike and hold street demonstrations!
- B) Join the Red Armies; organize "Red Army Friendly Societies" and "Labourers' Self-Defence Armies"; oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the Kuomintang and raise subscriptions to support the Red Armies.
- C) To drive out the Japanese and other imperialistic troops by force of arms, to start a revolutionary war, to recover the lost territories, to refuse to transport munitions for the Kuomintang troops engaged in the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign!
- D) Organize among unemployed workers, "Unemployment Committees" and lead jobless workers to demand work, food and relief from the Social Bureau of the Kuomintang!

November 7, 1933.

- E) Oppose the reduction of wages, closing down of factories and dismissal of workers; demand improved working conditions and oppose the Fascist doctrine.
- F) To elect representatives to participate in the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives to be convened at Juilin, Kiangsi, on December 11, 1933.

The local "White" Russians will observe the following programme in commemoration of the "November 7 Anniversary":

a) To issue a one-day newspaper containing articles on the significance of the 16th Anniversary of the Communist Yoke in Russia.

b) To hold special services in memory of the victims of the Red Terror in various Russian churches between 6 p.m. and 7 p.m. November 8.

c) To deliver a series of speeches under the auspices of the "National Union of Russian Youth" in the premises of the Cossacks' Home, No. 331 Route Vallon, at 9 p.m.

The following communist propaganda bearing on the Double Anniversary of the October Revolution (1917) and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic (1933), November 7 was obtained on November 2:-

1. Circular entitled "Resolutions in connection with work on the 16th Anniversary of the October Revolution", issued by the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Youth League. This document urges the mobilization of the youth masses in order to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the imperialistic Kuomintang and to carry out, in white districts, the following activities:-
  - a) To conduct an extensive propaganda campaign regarding the great success of socialistic construction, the improved living conditions of labouring, peasant and youth masses in Soviet Districts and the oppression of youth masses under the imperialistic Kuomintang.
  - b) To impress upon the minds of the youth masses that the proletariat in the U.S.S.R. is the army which will secure emancipation for China and disclose to the youth masses the intrigues of the Japanese imperialists.
  - c) To strengthen the activities of League branches in Northern provinces among the youth ranks of anti-Japanese armies and Volunteer Corps, to incite anti-Japanese racial and revolutionary wars and mutinies among the Manchukuo and Japanese troops.
  - d) To convene, by all possible means, mass meetings of celebration, lecture meetings, "flying" meetings and factory conferences, also the staging of dramatic performances, the issue of "wall" papers, factory mosquito papers, cartoons and special issues and to disseminate handbills, etc.
  - e) To foster League activities among transportation and communication workers in military and industrial areas in white districts and to make arrangements for the holding of mass demonstrations to commemorate the Double Anniversary.
2. Circular entitled "General Principles of Propaganda bearing on the Anniversary of the October Revolution", issued by the Central Propaganda Department of the Chinese Communist Youth League. Apart from giving an account of the significance of the October Revolution of Soviet Russia, this document urges the carrying out of the following work:-

- a) To lead the daily struggles of workers in factories, villages, barracks, etc. and to organize numerous "Soviet Friendly Societies" in order to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the Kuomintang, to support the Soviet Union and to protect the Chinese Soviet Republic.
  - b) To secure complete control over youths, and to further anti-imperialistic and anti-Kuomintang movements among young workers, female workers, soldiers, unemployed workers and juveniles and to urge them to participate in revolutionary struggles, also to join the Red Armies and to organize Self-Defence Units.
  - c) To accelerate propaganda among railway and wharf workers and to urge them to refuse to transport munitions for the Kuomintang troops engaged in the campaign against the Red Armies.
  - d) To carry out propaganda bearing on the breaking of strikes by "White Russians" and to launch a movement aiming at the expulsion of White Russians from the country.
3. Handbill entitled "Open Letter to Youths throughout the Country in commemoration of the October Revolution Anniversary" issued by the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Youth League. Apart from denouncing the corrupt practices of the Kuomintang authorities and the aggression of the various foreign imperialists, this document calls for the declaration of a general strike to oppose the closing down of factories, to demand increases of pay and to drive out the "White Russians running dogs, and to intensify the inspection of Japanese goods and the staging of demonstrations in commemoration of the anniversaries.

#### Bandit Suppression Movement

In connection with the Bandit Suppression Movement Propaganda Week, a general meeting of representatives of local public bodies was held in the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, North Honan Road, at 10.45 a.m. November 6, when some 400 persons were present. Doong Ying Pei (董行佩), who was a member of the presidium, in his address to the attendance stated that the object of the meeting was to acquaint the public of the civil-doings of the "Communist bandits" who aim at betraying the Chinese nation to the 3rd International. He added that for the welfare of the China nation, the National Government had determined to use every means in its power to extirpate this evil. Similar speeches were made by O.K. Yui, Chief Secretary to the Shanghai Municipality, Chu Hsueh Fan (朱学范), representing the General Labour Union and several others. The meeting concluded by with the shouting of slogans bearing on the occasion.

According to the programme, prominent Chinese, including Mayor Wu Tieh Chen, will broadcast lectures to-day, November 7, from various local radio stations.

#### Interference by Peace Preservation Corps with Municipal Police on extra-Settlement Roads

On November 5, a C.P.C. on duty outside Jessfield Park stopped a ricscha which was proceeding along Yu Yuen Road, without a Settlement Licence. The passenger of the ricscha abused the constable for stopping the ricscha and proceeded to obtain the assistance of three armed members of the Peace Preservation Corps nearby. Two of the latter held the arms of the C.P.C. while the ricscha passenger slapped the C.P.C. across the face. The members of the Paoantui then left the scene.

COPY OF TELEPHONE MESSAGE

6.11.33.

From Officer i/c Special Branch

Please circulate :

" A supplement to the Special Branch  
Daily Report is being circulated to-night  
giving details of possible incidents which  
may occur on 7.11.33."

C.D.I. Prince.

COPY OF TELEPHONE MESSAGE

6.11.33.

C.C.R.

Please telephone the following message to Y'poo, Wayside and Yulin Road Stations, D.O. "D", D.D.O. "D" and Armed Reserve.

"According to information received from the Public Safety Bureau, radical elements are planning to hold a demonstration in the vicinity of the Sung Sing No.6 Cotton Mill, Lay Road, about 6 p.m.to-day, November 6. 400 people are expected to take part in the demonstration."

Special Branch,

November 6, 1933.

Supplement to the Daily Intelligence Report

Double Anniversary of the October Revolution  
(1917) and the Establishment of the Central  
Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic (1931)  
-- November 7

No organized demonstrations, processions, etc. which may result in a breach of public peace are likely to take place, but it is probable that irresponsible elements of the White Russian will surreptitiously distribute anti-communist handbills and a remote possibility exists that some extremists may insult or assault Soviet officials or throw stones at Soviet Official buildings.

Soviet Russians will suspend business on November 7 and 8 in celebration of the Anniversary and are expected to pass their time in private feasting and rejoicing.

  
Officer i/c Special Branch

Distribution:

Same as Morning Report.

EXTRACTS FROM FRENCH POLICE INTELLIGENCE REPORT.

November 6, 1933.

Communists Plan Demonstration on November 7.

We are informed that the Committee of the Western District of Shanghai of the Chinese Communist Party has decided to organize demonstrations in front of the Nagai Wata No. 7 Mill between 6 p.m. and 6.30 p.m. November 7, the 16th anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution in Russia.

21 Rub.

218R-7/11



Translation of a confidential despatch, character  
Tseng ( ㄣ ), No.75, dated November 6, 1933, from  
the Shanghai Public Safety Bureau.

-----

Major F.W. Gerrard,  
Commissioner of Police,  
S. M. P.

Sir,

The following secret information has been  
received :

"November 6 being the Anniversary of the  
October Revolution, the Communist Party is reported  
planning to convene to-morrow (November 7) open air  
meetings in Yangtzepoo, the Western and the  
Central Districts of the International Settlement, and  
to hold celebrations in the Soviet Russian Consulate-  
General. These celebrations will possibly be  
attended by Chinese communist elements."

In this connection, I forward herewith  
copy of a manifesto issued by the Central Committee  
of the Chinese Communist Party. . Apart from  
instructing my subordinates to adopt precautionary  
measures, I would request you to order your  
men to exercise vigilance.

General Wen Hung En

Commissioner of the Shanghai Public  
Safety Bureau.

Memorandum.

POLICE FORCE.  
MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Shanghai, November 7, 1933.

To.....

Letter No.75 from Public Safety  
Bureau dated November 6, 1933.

Subject: Conveying information  
that communists plan to stage  
demonstrations in the Eastern,  
Western and the central districts  
in the Settlement to-day, November  
7.

52.7  
For immediate

S. I. Kuhl. attention.

SBR 7/11

WJ

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.  
No. D 5307  
Date 11/1/33

November 6

33.

Dear

I send herewith for your information translations of three Communist handbills which were obtained by a police agent in the Western district of Shanghai on November 2, 1933. These handbills were issued in the name of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Youth League and contain propaganda in connection with the celebration of the anniversary of the October Revolution (November 7, 1933).

Yours sincerely,



To Messrs Dicker,  
Warren,  
McHugh,  
Koketsu,  
Steptoe,  
Sarley,

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

S.2, Special Branch

Date November 6, 1933.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
K. & S. B. REGISTRY.

No. D

Date

Subject (in full)

Double-Anniversary of the October Revolution (1917) and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic (1931) -- November

Made by

D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa

Forwarded by

O.B. Ku S.I.

Agents A-2235 and A-3657 report that between 9 and 10am November 3, 1933 certain workers of the Mei Yah (美亞) Silk Weaving Factory and N.W.K. Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Cotton Mills held a meeting at No. 26 Fu Nyeu Li (福新里), Robison Road, C.O.I., under the auspices of a communist agent named Siao Lan (小蘭), member of the Organization Department of the Shanghai Western Special District Committee of the local Chinese Communist Party, and passed the following resolutions :-

- 1) That "flying" meetings be held between 6 and 7 p.m. November 7 in the vicinity of the Ferry Road Market and on Ichang Road near the Dah Yeu (大有) Oil Factory, to commemorate the aforementioned Double-Anniversary.
- 2) That representatives from each of the Propaganda and Organization Departments of the Shanghai Western Special District Committee and the Eastern District Committee of the local Chinese Communist Party be appointed to proceed to Kiangse in company with representatives of various industrial concerns in the Eastern and Western Districts to participate in the Second National Congress of Chinese Soviet Representatives to be convened at Juking, Kiangse, on December 11, 1933.
- 3) That opposition be raised against the 5th Anti-Communist War launched by the Kuomintang.

A record card in respect of Siao Lan, whose description is not yet available, has been compiled for future reference.

It is learned that in view of the insufficient number of participants from the labouring masses to stage demonstrations as experienced during previous anniversaries, the local Chinese Communist Party has decided to give early publicity of possible communist activities concerning future anniversaries.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

REPORT

Station, .....

Date. .... 19

-2-

Subject (in full) .....

Made by .....

Forwarded by .....

Attached herewith are copies of three communist circulars bearing on the anniversaries in question, issued by the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Youth League, together with a summarized translation of each. These pamphlets were obtained by Agent A-1385 in Western Chapei on November 2.

*Kuh Tso-hwa*

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*DB (Dynes)*  
*Information and former of*  
*passing to D.D.S. A memorandum*  
*on the programme of the extremists*  
*for to morning, November 7, the*  
*anniversary of the Soviet revolution,*  
*will be sent out this afternoon.*

*J. H. Guino*

①. H. Sp. Br.

NOV 6 1933

Special Branch S. 2.

November 6, 1933.

Communist propaganda bearing on the Double Anniversary of the October Revolution (1917) and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic (1931) - November 7.

Hereunder is a summarized translation of three communist circulars which came into the possession of the Municipal Police on November 2 :-

- (1) Circular entitled "Resolutions in connection with work on the 16th Anniversary of the October Revolution", issued by the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Youth League. This document urges the mobilization of the youth masses in order to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the imperialistic Kuomintang and to carry out, in white districts, the following activities :-
  - a) To conduct an extensive propaganda campaign regarding the great success of socialistic construction, the improved living conditions of labouring, peasant and youth masses in Soviet districts and the oppression of the youth masses under the imperialistic Kuomintang.
  - b) To impress upon the minds of the youth masses that the proletariat in the U.S. S.R. is the army which will secure emancipation for China and disclose to the youth masses the intrigues of the Japanese imperialists.
  - c) To strengthen the activities of League branches in northern provinces among the youth ranks of anti-Japanese armies and Volunteer Corps, to incite anti-Japanese racial and revolutionary wars and munitions among the Manchukuo and Japanese troops.

- d) To convene, by all possible means, mass meetings of celebration, lecture meetings, "flying" meetings and factory conferences, also the staging of dramatic performances, the issue of "wall" papers, factory mosquito papers, cartoons and special issues and to disseminate handbills etc.
- e) To foster League activities among transportation and communication workers in military and industrial areas in White districts and to make arrangements for the holding of mass demonstrations to commemorate the Double-Anniversary.

(2) Circular entitled "General Principles of Propaganda bearing on the Anniversary of the October Revolution", issued by the Central Propaganda Department of the Chinese Communist Youth League. Apart from containing an exaggerated account of the significance of the October Revolution of Soviet Russia, this document urges the carrying out of the following work :-

- a) To lead the daily struggles of workers in factories, villages, barracks, etc. and to organize numerous "Soviet Friendly Societies" in order to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the Kuomintang, to support the Soviet Union and to protect the Chinese Soviet Republic.
- b) To secure complete control over youths, and to further anti-imperialist and anti-Kuomintang movements among young workers, female workers, soldiers, unemployed workers and juveniles and to urge them to participate in revolutionary struggles, also to join the Red Armies and to organize Self-Defence Units.
- c) To accelerate propaganda among railway and wharf workers and to urge them to refuse to transport munitions for the Kuomintang troops engaged in the campaign against the Red Armies.

d) To carry out propaganda bearing on the breaking of strikes by "White Russians" and to launch a movement aiming at the expulsion of White Russians from the country.

(3) Handbill entitled "Open letter to youths throughout the country in commemoration of the October Revolution Anniversary", issued by the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Youth League. Apart from denouncing the corrupt practices of the Kuomintang authorities and the aggression of the various foreign imperialists, this document calls for the declaration of a general strike to oppose the closing down of factories, to demand increases of pay and to drive out the White Russian running dogs, and to intensify the inspection of Japanese goods and the staging of demonstrations in commemoration of the anniversaries.



**SUMMARIZED TRANSLATION OF A COMMUNIST CIRCULAR ENTITLED  
"RESOLUTIONS IN CONNECTION WITH WORK ON THE 16TH  
ANNIVERSARY OF THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION" ISSUED BY THE  
CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST YOUTH LEAGUE  
(DATED OCTOBER 10)**

November 7 of this year is the 16th Anniversary of the October Revolution in Russia as well as the Second Anniversary of the Establishment of the Chinese Soviet Republic. To commemorate the occasion, it should be the principal task of the League to mobilize the youth masses to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Drive of the imperialistic Kuomintang and to carry out, in white districts, the undermentioned activities :-

- 1) To conduct an extensive propaganda regarding the great success of socialistic construction, the results of the first year of the Second Five Year Plan, the great improvement in the living of labouring, peasant and toiling youth masses in Soviet districts and the cruel oppression suffered by the youth masses under the imperialistic Kuomintang regime.
- 2) To impress upon the minds of the youth masses that the proletariat in the U.S.S.R. is the strong allied army which will secure emancipation for China and that they should support the U.S.S.R. in order to avert being colonized. The League should also disclose to the youth masses the intrigues of the Japanese imperialists in arresting Soviet employees of the C.E.R. and should urge all youth organizations to issue manifestoes and send circular telegrams of protest to the Japanese Consulate.
- 3) It should be the special duty of the League branches in northern provinces to strengthen their activities among the youth ranks of Anti-Japanese Armies and Volunteer Corps, to incite anti-Japanese racial and revolutionary wars and mutinies among the troops of Manchukuo and Japan.
- 4) To convene, by every possible public or semi-public means, mass meetings of celebration, lecture meetings,

"flying" meetings, and factory conferences, to stage dramatic performances, to publish "wall" papers, factory mosquito papers, cartoons and special issues, to disseminate handbills, etc.

- 5) To enlarge the movement for the support of the Soviet Red Armies in the following manner as decided by the "Central" of the League :-

a) By convening general meetings of representatives of youth masses.

b) By instituting League activities in and around transportation, communications, military and industrial areas in White districts.

c) By mobilizing unemployed workers to join the Guerilla Corps of the Red Army, by instigating workers to go on strikes and by calling upon young soldiers to refuse to transport munitions for the imperialistic Kuomintang to be used in the campaign against the Red Army.

d) By strenuously carrying out ~~the~~ movements to raise funds for the purchase of aeroplanes, machine guns, etc. to be presented to the Red Army.

6) The above movements should be carried out in conjunction with the Party. Arrangements should be made to stage mass processions and demonstrations to commemorate the Anniversary of the October Revolution.

Central Committee of the  
Chinese Communist Youth League.

October 10.

Handbill entitled "General Principles of Propaganda bearing on the Anniversary of the October Revolution", dated October 19, 1933, purporting to emanate from the Central Propaganda Department of the Chinese Communist Youth League. A

summarized translation of this document is as follows :-

Besides exaggerating the significance of the October Revolution of Soviet Russia, the document tells about the world economic crisis and the invasion of China by imperialistic countries. It states that Japan is attempting to occupy the whole of North China, Great Britain has her eye on Tibet and Szechuen, France looks longingly on Yunnan and Kweichow. France and Japan have occupied the islands in the South Seas and are threatening South China. The Kuomintang is then accused of having betrayed the nation. It points out that the salvation of China will depend upon the success of the Chinese soviet movement.

The following work is then recommended on the Anniversary of the October Revolution :-

- 1) To lead the daily struggles in factories, villages, barracks, etc. and to organize large numbers of "Soviet Friendly Societies" to oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the Kuomintang, to support the Soviet Union, and to protect the Chinese Soviet Republic.

- 2) To secure control of the mass of youths; to extend the anti-imperialist and anti-Kuomintang movement of the huge number of young workers, female workers, soldiers, unemployed workers, and children, and to urge them to participate in revolutionary warfare, to join the Red Armies and to organize self-protection corps.

- 3) To accelerate propaganda among railway and wharf workers and to urge them to refuse to transport arms and munition for Kuomintang troops engaged in the fight against Red Armies.

- 4) To extend the mass organizations such as the "Red

**Army Friendly Societies" and the "Soviet Friendly Societies".**

5) To carry out propaganda bearing on the breaking of strikes by "White Russians" and to conduct a movement for the expulsion of White Russians.

Summarized translation of a communist circular entitled  
"Open letter to the youths throughout the country in  
commemoration of the Anniversary of the October Revolution",  
issued by the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist  
Youth League dated October 19, 1933.

---

To the youths throughout the country :

November 7 is the Anniversary of the October Revolution  
in Russia. It is also the Second Anniversary of the Establish-  
ment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese  
Soviet Republic.

On this date, the Russian proletariat rose to power  
and effected the emancipation of the entire body of toiling  
labourers and peasants in Russia. It was also on this date  
that the Soviet of China, having an area of one-sixth of  
China with one-sixth of the whole population, broke away  
from the rule of the imperialistic Kuomintang.

During the past sixteen years, the U.S.S.R. has made  
considerable progress and at present ranks as the first free  
and productive nation of the world. It has improved the  
living conditions of the workers, abolished unemployment,  
elevated the standard of education, etc.

The economic crisis confronting the capitalistic world  
is growing more serious. Vast labouring, peasant and toiling  
youth masses are homeless and faced with poverty. With the  
approach of this year's Anniversary of the October Revolution,  
the downfall of capitalism becomes imminent.

This year's anniversary can be said to have been  
recognized by the imperialists as the most pressing problem  
moment of the ~~moment~~ and has led them to attack the Soviet Union  
and to partition China, as witness the occupation by Japan  
of Manchuria and her advance into Mongolia, the annexation  
of Thibet and Sinkiang by Great Britain to prepare for an  
offensive against the Soviet Union, and French domination

in Yunnan and Kweichow Provinces.

The corrupt Kuomintang, the running dog of the imperialists, is shamelessly signing treacherous agreements, contracting loans and giving up territory. Furthermore, after the failure of its 4th Anti-Communist Drive, the Kuomintang has enlisted thousands of Fascist butchers to be used in the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign and by means of an "economic blockade" it is attempting to starve out the revolutionary masses in the Soviet districts.

Toiling youths throughout the country! The 5th Anti-Communist Campaign is the decisive struggle between the Chinese Soviet and colonized China!

Young brothers, celebrate the Anniversary of October Revolution! Arise and arm yourselves to participate in the racial revolutionary war against the Kuomintang's surrender to the imperialists, against the imperialist attack on the Soviet Union and against the 5th Anti-Communist Drive of the Kuomintang!

Young labourers, declare a general strike to oppose the closing down of factories, to demand an increase of pay and to drive out the White Russian running dogs!

Young peasants, refuse to pay taxes and organize guerilla warfare against the imperialistic Kuomintang!

Young soldiers, object to your pay being in arrears, demand betterment of living conditions and refuse to fight against the Red Armies!

Toiling young brothers, inspect Japanese goods, raise subscriptions to support the Anti-Imperialist movement and drive out the White Russians who are the running dogs of imperialists to attack the Soviet Union and to partition China!

Stage demonstrations and celebrate the Anniversary of the October Revolution!

Long live the success of the Soviet Socialism!

Struggle for Soviet China!

Long live the success of the October Revolution!

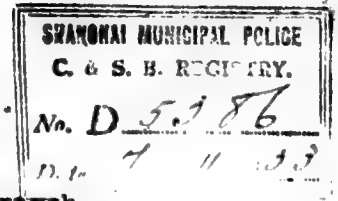
Long live the Chinese Soviet Government!

Central Committee

of the

Chinese Communist Youth League.

October 19, 1933.



Special Branch,

November 6, 1933.

Supplement to the Daily Intelligence Report

Double Anniversary of the October Revolution  
(1917) and the Establishment of the Central  
Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic (1931)  
-- November 7

No organized demonstrations, processions, etc.  
which may result in a breach of public peace are  
likely to take place, but it is probable that  
irresponsible elements of the White Russian will  
surreptitiously distribute anti-communist handbills  
and a remote possibility exists that some extremists  
may insult or assault Soviet officials or throw stones  
at Soviet Official buildings.

Soviet Russians will suspend business on  
November 7 and 8 in celebration of the Anniversary  
and are expected to pass their time in private  
feasting and rejoicing.

*J. H. Evans*

Officer i/c Special Branch

Distributions:

Same as Morning Report.





SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.
File No. <u>5776</u>
No. <u>D</u>

REPORT

S.2, Special Branch

Date November 6, 1933

Subject (in full) Double-Anniversary of the October Revolution (1917) and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic (1931) -- November 7: Possible happenings

Made by D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa

Forwarded by

*D. I. Kuh Pao-hwa*

Agents A-2267 and A-3371 report that members of the Shanghai Branch of the Chinese Communist Party have contemplated to observe the celebration of the Double-Anniversary of the October Revolution and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic, November 7, as follows :-

- 1) To hold a demonstration at the junction of Ferry and Macao Roads between 6 and 7 p.m. when fire-crackers will be let off, communist literature distributed and slogans shouted.
- 2) To form into groups and proceed along Macao, Gordon, Ichang, Tonquin and Mokanshan Roads.
- 3) To stage a similar demonstration at the junction of Pingliang and Thorburn Roads between 5.30 and 6.30 p.m.
- 4) To send groups to distribute communist literature in the vicinity of the three departmental stores on Nanking Road near Chekiang Road during the evening.

Specimens of twelve different kinds of communist handbills in white, yellow and pink colours, intended for distribution on November 7, have come into the possession of the Municipal Police. Apart from outlining the significance of the anniversaries, these handbills urge the general public to carry out the following activities in observance of the occasion :-

- a) Declare a general strike and hold street demonstrations!
- b) Join the Red Armies; organize "Red Army Friendly Societies" and "Labourers' Self-Defence Armies"; oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign of the Kuomintang; raise subscriptions to support the Red Armies!

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

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Station, .....

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Subject (in full) .....

Made by .....

Forwarded by .....

c) Drive out the Japanese and other imperialistic troops by force of arms; start a revolutionary war to restore the lost territories; refuse to transport munitions for the Kuomintang troops engaged in the 5th Anti-Communist campaign!

d) Organize, among unemployed workers, "Unemployment Committees" and lead jobless workers to demand work, food and relief from the Social Bureau of the Kuomintang!

e) Oppose the reduction of wages, closing down of factories dismissals of workers; demand improved working conditions and oppose the Fascist doctrine!

f) Elect representatives to participate in the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives to be convened at Ju-king, Kiangse, on December 11, 1933!

*Kuh Tso-hua*

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*msd*  
*6/11*

*File*  
*JMS*  
*NOV 7 1933*

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. 1000

REPORT

SECTION 2 ~~REPORT~~

Date November 3, 1933

Subject (in full) 16-th Anniversary of the Soviet Rule in Russia.

Made by D.S. Prokofiev

Forwarded by

*A.S. Guere*

With reference to the 16-th Anniversary of the Soviet Rule in Russia which falls on Tuesday, November 7, enquiries have been made with a view to the ascertaining, as far as possible, the manner in which both the local Russian emigrants and the Soviet circles intend to mark the occasion.

From a series of interviews with responsible representatives of various "White-Russian" organizations it would appear that nothing will be done on their part which could be interpreted as an encouragement of any activities likely to result in a breach of the public peace. Apart from articles on the subject of the significance of the anniversary of the communist yoke in Russia which will be published in local Russian newspapers, a special one-day newspaper entitled "For Russia" will be published on November 6 on the initiative of the local branch of the "National Union of Russian Youth" to mark the day of national mourning. Members of this union also intend to deliver public addresses in the premises of the Cossack's Home No 311 Route Vallon, at 9 p.m., November 7 on the following subjects: 1) "Nationalism," 2) "The Spirit of the Union" and 3) "The <sup>ex</sup> necessity and ways of struggle". The proceeds from the sale of the newspaper and admission tickets for the lectures will go to the fund of the "Brotherhood of Russian Truth", a Russian anti-communist organization. Special services in memory of victims of the red terror and civil war will take place in various Russian churches during the evening of November 7, between 6 and 7 o'clock.

While no organized demonstrations, processions etc., which may lead to some untoward incidents, are likely, there seems to be more reasons than ever since November 1927, when the local Soviet consulate was attacked by "Whites" on a similar

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

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Station, .....

Date ..... 19

Subject (in full) .....

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Made by .....

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occasion, to expect an outbreak of undesirable activities on the part of irresponsible elements, which include local rowdies as well as individuals of the patriotic type liable to act on impulse rather than on the solid ground of reflection. Apart from the surreptitious distribution of anti-communist handbills, this activities may include acts calculated to annoy the local Soviet officialdom as well as acts of violence against Soviet officials and institutions. Although no definite information bearing on this has been received, the following incidents, which took place recently, are symptomatic:- Mr. Bogomoloff, U.S.S.R. Ambassador to China, was insulted on August 3, at Tsingtao, by a local Russian youth of a doubtful reputation, and on August 4 another three Russian youths, this time of the patriotic type, brutally assaulted Mr. Veiss, acting editor of the "Shanghai Zaria" for publishing information derogatory to the "Brotherhood of Russian Truth".

Finally, the possibility, however remote it may seem, of deliberate acts of hooliganism on the part of Soviet agents-provocateurs with a view to the discrediting the local "White-Russians" before the public opinion, should not be overlooked. Publicity given by the local Russian newspapers to the case of V.A. Morison, former employee of the Centrosojus, to his "revelations" regarding the alleged subversive activities of employees of local Soviet commercial institutions and regarding certain details of their private life- could not fail to have an irritating effect on the local Soviet officialdom. To counteract the unfavourable impression created by this scandal, Markov, manager of the local branch of the Centrosojus, gave a lunch to representatives of the Chinese press on September 2, 1933 at the Metropole Hotel.

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Forwarded by .....

e/  
during which he made reference to the intrigues of the local "White-Russians". Another sign of annoyance on the part of the Soviet circles in Shanghai is the "Tass" Agency telegram dated September 17, 1933 ( copy attached ) in which the "Whites" are blamed for using the "Whiteguardist " Morison and the "notorious agent-provocateur whiteguardist Kedrolivansky" for their efforts "to discredit the business prestige of the Shanghai branch of the Centrosojus". The above would seem to indicate that the possibility of some counterplot on the part of the Soviet circles is not unlikely.

As regards the "Red" sector of the Russian community in Shanghai, no definite information is yet available regarding the manner of the celebration of the anniversary of the October Revolution, except that the local Soviet institutions will be closed on November 7 and 8. It must be stated, however, that since the establishment of the offices of the Soviet Embassy at Shanghai in April 1933, nothing has been done by the Soviet representatives here to make themselves conspicuous in any way.

Enquiries are being continued, and any information of interest will be immediately reported.

Attached herewith is a list of Russian churches in Shanghai as well as a list of Soviet establishments.

*D.B. (Dime)*

*Information and  
forward of passing to  
D.O. 2.*

*A. Prokoviev*  
D.S.

*J.V. Lincro*

O. 1/c Sp. Br.  
NOV 7 1933

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*Handwritten initials and date:*  
2/11

**LIST OF RUSSIAN CHURCHES IN SHANGHAI**

- |                               |                            |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. St.Gabriel's Church        | 55 Rue Paul Henry          |
| 2. St.Nicolas Church          | 19 Rue Corneille           |
| 3. St.Andrew's Church         | 220 Route Vallon           |
| 4.Church of the Ressurrection | 14 Kungying Road           |
| 5.St.Sophia's Church          | 295 Route Cardinal Mercier |
- 

**LIST OF SOVIET ESTABLISHMENTS IN SHANGHAI.( Intern.Settl.)**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. Soviet Embassy and Consulate-General               | No 1 Whangpoo Road                       |
| 2. Centrosojus (England), Ltd                         | No 2 Peking Road,<br>Glen Line Bldg.     |
| 3. Far Eastern Bank(Dalbank)                          | No 3 Foochow Road                        |
| 4. United Petroleum Trust of U.S.S.R.<br>(Soyouzneft) | No 2 Canton Road<br>Rooms 504/5          |
| 5. Chinese Eastern Railway,<br>Commercial Agency      | No 3 Canton Road,<br>Robert Dollar Bldg. |
| 6. Tass News Agency                                   | No 38 Avenue Ed.VII                      |
| 7. Black Sea and Baltic General Insu-<br>rance Co     | No 33 Szechuen Road.                     |

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
C. & S. B. REGISTRY.  
No. D. 5486  
Date 29/10/33

# **SPECIAL INQUIRY.**

**NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS**

October 29, 1933

## **FAR EASTERN BANK (Dalbank)**

NOTICE is hereby given that on account of the 16th Anniversary of the Union of the Soviet Socialistic Republics, this bank will be closed to business on Tuesday, Wednesday, November 7 and 8, 1933. 2785

Officer i/c Special Branch  
Information

*[Signature]*  
S. R.  
29/10.

\$2, Please ascertain what plans have been made regarding the celebration of the 16th anniversary of the U. S. R. Is it likely that local "white" Russians will make any counter demonstrations? *[Signature]*

Dr. P. P. P.  
20/10/33

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
C. & S. B. D. 6588Y.  
File No. D-6588Y.  
No. D-6588Y.  
Date November 2, 1933.

REPORT

S.2, Special Br.

Date November 2, 1933.

Subject (in full) Labour agitation among workers of the N.W.K. Nos. 1 & 2

Cotton Mills, 62 Robison Road.

Made by D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa

Forwarded by

*[Signature]*

With reference to the attached "Special Enquiry," dated 1.11.33 relating to the labour agitation among workers of the N.W.K. Nos. 1 & 2 Cotton Mills, I have to state that the meeting in question was held on the afternoon of October 25 and not on October 27 as reported in the French Police Intelligence Summary.

A report on the meeting was submitted by the undersigned on October 26.

Wang Ah-dah (王阿大), age 26, native of Kompo, employee of the N.W.K. Nos. 1 & 2 Cotton Mills, 62 Robison Road, O.O.L., who played a prominent part in the proposed organization of a Strike and who was arrested by the Chinese authorities inside the mill premises at 7 p.m. October 26, is at present detained in the Woosung-Shanghai Garrison Commissioner's Head pending investigation.

A record card in respect of this labour agitator has been made out by this office for future reference.

In view of the fact that the principal agitator is now under arrest and the mill management are taking adequate precautions, it is unlikely that the strike movement will gain any fresh impetus.

*Kuh Pao-hwa*

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*[Signature]*  
2/11

*Reg.*

*Please put again in a week.*

NOV. 2 1933



No. D

Date 11/11/33

## SPECIAL INQUIRY

Translation of Extracts from the French Police  
Intelligence Report dated 28/10/33.

-----

Wang Ah Dah, Wang Han-zeng and Sio Liu, with other employees of the No.1 and No.2 Factories of the Naigai Wata Kaisha, 100 Brennan Road, O.O.L., were instrumental in organizing a union and have formed a Preparatory Committee for this purpose.

At 3 p.m. yesterday (October 27), some 20 members of this committee held a meeting at No.1, 6th alley of Yung Hwa Li, Robison Road, Chapel. Sio Liu presided and the following demands were proposed for presentation to the managements:

1. A regular six-monthly increase of 2% be made in the employees' pay.
2. An eight-hour day be instituted.
3. Employees not to be badly treated or dismissed without due cause.
4. Wages to be paid to employees for all holidays.
5. Two months' leave on full pay to be granted to female employees during their period of confinement.
6. That this Preparatory Committee receive recognition and be granted a subsidy.

The management of the N.W.K. learning that this Preparatory Committee was of communistic origin, informed the Bureau of Public Safety, who sent their agents to No.1, 6th alleyway, Ying Hwa Li, where the meeting was in progress. The worker Wang Ah-dah was arrested and his colleagues dispersed forthwith.

S2,  
Any further information  
please.

S2/Kuz  
11/11/33

W. H. Langard

Report sent with <u>11</u> pamphlets, handbills or newspapers to Special Branch.					
Where found	Ichang Road		Time found	1 a.m.	Date 29.10.33
Character of place where found, (industrial, residential, respectable or doubtful neighbourhood).			Industrial		
Near School, Rectory, Military Camp, Mill etc.			Near Mills		
How distributed? (If known).			Discarded		
Nature of Document. (Communist or Anti-Government etc).			Communistic		
Arrests or not, if so how many?			Nil <i>Registry</i>		
Class of man arrested? (Student, coolie, mill worker etc.)			- <i>Spare copies detached.</i>		
Charged under what Section of C.C. Code?			- <i>Handbill attached has been dealt with vide report forwarded on October 30. 1933.</i>		

Date 29th October 1933

Signed

*2.2.4 Robinson*

for C.T. etc. i/c.

P.Rd.

Station.

NOV. 6 1933

*Kud Pao-hwa*  
82.3/10

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. B. 100,000

S.2, Special Branch  
**REPORT**

Date October 30, 1933.

Subject (in full) Communist propaganda bearing on the Anniversary of the  
October Revolution -- November 7, 1933.

Made by D. I. Kuh Pao-hwa

Forwarded by

*SSO Everett*

I forward herewith a copy of a communist handbill bearing on the double anniversary of the October Revolution and the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic, which falls on November 7. This handbill, of which a single copy only was obtained by Agent A-1826 in Western Chapei on October 28, is addressed to "Young Labourers throughout the Province of Kiangsu" and is issued by the Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the Communist Youth League.

A summarized translation of the contents of the handbill is attached herewith.

*IV*  
*SSO Kuh Pao-hwa*  
*10/30*  
I have now in possession of 6 further copies of the handbill  
*SSO*  
Officer i/c Special Branch.

Kuh Pao-hwa  
D. I.

*III*  
*SSO*  
*10/30*  
Copies of translations to Stephens, Mitchell, Roberts, Salyer, Dickson, Warren, Van der Berg, Kitchin, Josephson, and copies of the original handbill in Chinese to the first four.  
Copies sent to above authorities  
*SSO*  
*10/30*

OCT. 30 1933

*SSO*  
Relieved for  
SSO when  
submitting  
General Report  
in arrangements  
made.  
*SSO*

The following is a summarized translation of a communist handbill entitled "Letter to Young Labourers throughout Kiangsu in connection with the Anniversary of October Revolution (November 7)", issued by the Kiangsu Provincial Committee of the Communist Youth League.

-----

To young labourers throughout Kiangsu,

The 16th anniversary of the October Revolution is approaching. This anniversary falls on November 7 and on this date in 1917 the proletariat in Russia overthrew the reactionary government of landlords and capitalists, and established their own Soviet rule. The October revolution was not only a success to the Soviet proletariat, but is a success to the proletariat throughout the world who should therefore commemorate the anniversary.

The U.S.S.R. - the land of the proletariat - has made considerable progress during the past sixteen years. She has not only accomplished the First Five Year Plan, but has secured significant success in industry, farming, social constructions, politics and diplomatic relations in her pursuit of the Second Five Year Plan.

In the meantime the capitalist and imperialistic nations of the world are facing an economic crisis. Owing to the failure of the Economic Conference, the various imperialistic nations are resorting to warfare to settle the economic crisis and are making a joint attack on the U.S.S.R. which is the only country making rapid progress. Of late, the Japanese imperialists in the Far East and the German fascists in Europe are openly challenging Soviet Russia and, with the <sup>pp</sup> approach of the anniversary of the October Revolution, an attack on the U.S.S.R. is ~~imminent~~.

The anniversary of the October Revolution this year is also the Second Anniversary of the Establishment of the Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet Republic. The general and juvenile masses in Soviet areas, under the leadership of the Communist Party,

and their Central authorities, are waging struggles against the imperialistic Kuomintang and have this year crushed the 4th Anti-Communist Campaign. Calamities and famines are frequent occurrences in-districts under the Kuomintang rule.

The imperialistic Kuomintang and other reactionary cliques have exercised the utmost mean and deceitful measures to insult the Chinese Red Army and to inveigle young men into the melancholy whirlpool of warfare. Simultaneously, they are utilizing tyrannic capitalists to oppress workers.

All young labourers throughout Kiangsu must unite and overthrow the reactionary rule of the imperialistic Kuomintang. The Chinese Communist Youth League exhort you to observe the following slogans :-

Arise, refuse to carry firearms for the imperialistic Kuomintang, refuse to pay taxes and refuse to fight for the Kuomintang!

Oppose the 5th Anti-Communist Campaign and oppose the attack on the Soviet Union!

*File*  
Elect your own representatives to participate in the Second National Congress of Soviet Representatives which will be convened on December 11!

Arm yourselves and commence a racial revolutionary war in order to secure the victory of Soviet China!

Overthrow the Kuomintang, the running dogs of the Imperialists!

Oppose the oppression of workers by the capitalists!

Workers, students and soldiers declare a general strike and stage demonstrations to commemorate the Anniversary of the October Revolution!

Kiangsu Provincial Committee  
of the

Communist Youth League.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. 5386  
REGISTRY

S.2, Special Branch

REPORT

Date 28 October 1933

Subject (in full) Labour agitation among certain workers of N.W.K. Nos. 1 & 2  
Cotton Mills, 62 Robison Road.

Made by D.I. Kuh Pao-hwa

Forwarded by

*Old Everest*

Agent A-2527 reports that between 4 and 5.30 p.m.

October 25, 1933 some twenty radically inclined workers of the N.W.K. Nos. 1 and 2 Cotton Mills held a meeting in an unnumbered house off Robison Road, O.O.L., following the circulation of a rumour that the mill management intended dismissing 180 workers within the next few days. The following resolutions were passed :-

(1) That preparations be made to organize a "Strike Committee" with a view to bringing about the achievement of the following demands :-

- (a) That a general increase in wages be effected.
- (b) That working hours be reduced.
- (c) That no workers be dismissed without cause.
- (d) That workers be not ill-treated.
- (e) That an eight-hour working day be enforced.
- (f) That Sundays be observed as holidays with full pay.

(g) That support be given to the "Strike Committee".

(2) That the "Strike Committee" be composed of the following sub-committees:-

- (a) General Affairs.
- (b) Organization.
- (c) Propaganda.
- (d) Picketing.
- (e) Subscription Canvassing.
- (f) Publication.
- (g) Despatching.
- (h) Struggle.
- (i) Supervising.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

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Station, .....  
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Subject (in full) .....

Made by .....

Forwarded by .....

(3) That the following auxilliary organizations be established :-

(a) Youth Vanguard Groups

(b) Youth Defence Groups

(c) Youth Anti-Japanese Societies.

(d) Anti-Japanese Societies of Juvenile Workers.

(4) That a demonstration be staged between 6 and 7 p.m.

November 7, 1933, in the vicinity of Ichang, Macao and

Ferry Roads to commemorate the Double-Anniversary of the

Soviet Revolution in 1917 and of the Establishment of the

Central Provisional Government of the Chinese Soviet

Republic in 1931.

The meeting was presided over by an active member of the

Shanghai Western Special District Committee of the local

Chinese Communist Party named Siao Lieu ( 小 刘 ) whose duty

is to supervise communist activities among mill workers. A

description of Siao Lieu is as follows :-

Age 23, native of Haichow ( 海 州 ), Kiangsu, height 5'5",

stout build, short cropped hair, usually wears a light gray

cotton long gown. (Particulars recorded).

Kuh Tao-hwa

D. I.

Officer i/c Special Branch.

*W. L. (Dunn)*

Information and name of  
forwarding S. D. O. "B"

*J. H. H. H.*

G. H. Sp. Br.

OCT. 28 1933